California MUTCD 2 (FHWA's MUTCD 2009 Ed	-		ruso in C	alifornia)								3N 4U	30012
(FHWA'S MIOTED 2009 Ed	ition, as an	nenueu 10	i use iii Ca	amormaj		COUN	NT DAT	ΓΕ	5/29/	2019	(IC 18		
						_		CALC		C			6/24
DIST C	O	R	TE	ΡI	M			CHK			-	DATE	
MAJOR ST. Del Ma	ar Heigh	ts Roac	ł		(CRITICA	AL APP	ROACH	I SPEEI)	4	17	MPH
MINOR ST. Merca	do Drive	9				CRITICA	AL APP	ROACH	I SPEEI)	2	25	MPH
Speed limit or critic	al speed	d on ma	jor stre	et traffi	c > 64	km/h (40 mp	h)	V	or		RURA	AL (R)
In built up area o	f isolate	ed comr	munity	of < 10	,000 p	opula	tion] .	ٔ ل		
												URBA	AN (U)
WARRANT 1-Eigh								· .	SA	TISF	IED 🗆	YES	□ N
(Condition A or Con				•	nd B n	nust be	e satisf	ied)					
CONDITION A - I	viinimu	ım ven	licie vo	oiume				1	.00% S	ATISI	FIED [YES	N
	NAINIINA	IUM RE	OI IIDEI	MENITO	1				80% 5	ATISI	FIED [YES	N
		HOWN											_
APPROACH	U	R	U	R	∞	<u>ق</u>	rΌ	<u>ب</u>					Hour
MAJOR STREET	1	1	2 or N	MORE	7-8	8-9	4-5	9-9					Ĭ
Both Approaches	500	350	600	420	1535	1300	1512	1567					
Major Street	(400)	(280)	(480)	(336)									
Highest Approach Minor Street	150 (120)	105 (84)	200 (160)	140 (112)	255	45	29	19					
Willor Street	(120)	(04)	(100)	(112)									
CONDITION B - I	nterru	ption o	f Cont	inous	Traffi	С			100%	SATIS	FIED	YES	
					-				80%	SATIS	FIED	YES	
		IUM RE											
APPROACH	(80% S	R	U	CKETS)		I	1		ſ		1	I 1	Ž
MAJOR STREET		1		MORE	7-8	6-8	4-5	9-9	0	0	0	0	Но
Both Approaches	750	525	900	630	1535	1300			0	0	0	0	
Major Street	(600)	(420)	(720)	(504)	1555	1300	1512	1307	U	U	U	U	
Highest Approach	75	53	100	70	255	45	29	19	0	0	0	0	
Minor Street	(50)	(42)	(80)	(56)		<u> </u>							
Combination of	Conditi	ons A	& B						SA	ΓISFI	ED 🗆	YES	N
REQUIREMENT			C	ONDIT	ION				✓		FULF	ILLED	
TWO CONDITIONS	A. MINI	MUM V	EHICUL/	AR VOLU	JME						☐ YE	s \square	NO
SATISFIED 80%	IAND ———								у П				
AND, AN ADEQUATE 1	1							LESS					\dashv
DELAY AND INCONVE											YE:	s 🗌	NO
PROBLEMS													

California MUTCD 2012 Edition

(FHWA's MUTCD 2009 Edition, as amended for use in California)

WARRANT 2 - FOUR HOUR VEHICULAR \ Record hourly vehicular volumes for any four h	* ☐ YES ☑ NO		
APPROACH LANES Both Approaches - Major Street Higher Approach - Minor Street	Two ⊗ 1535	6 29 1300 1512 45 29	φ HOURS 1567 19
*All plotted points fall above curve in Figure OR All plotted points fall above the applical	YES NO		
WARRANT 3 - PEAK HOUR (Part A or Part B must be satisfied)		SATISFIED	✓ YES □ NO
Part A (All parts 1, 2, and 3 below must be sat one hour, for any four consecutive 15-relationship)		SATISFIED	☐ YES ☐ NO
 The total delay experienced by traffic on one mino only) controlled by a STOP sign equals or exceeds fou approach, or five vehicle-hours for a two-lane approach 	tion	☐ YES ☐ NO	
2. The volume on the same minor street approach 100 vph for one moving lane or traffic or 150 vph f	or exceeds	✓ YES NO	
3. The total entering volume serviced during the hintersections with four or more approaches or 650 approaches	✓ YES NO		
Part B	Two wegg	SATISFIED	✓ YES □ NO
APPROACH LANES Both Approaches - Major Street	Two Mare 1535	← ENTER C	CORRECT HOURS

The satisfaction of a traffic signal warrant or warrants shall not in itself require the installation of a traffic

✓ YES

☐ NO

☐ NO

The plotted point falls above the applicable curve in Figure 4C-3 (Urban Areas)

OR The plotted point falls above the applicable curve in Figure 4C-4 (Rural Areas)

 Part B
 SATISFIED
 YES
 NO

 The distance to the nearest traffic signal along the major street is greater than 90 m (300 ft)
 YES
 NO

 OR, The proposed signal will not restrict the progressive moment of traffic
 YES
 NO

Number of Adequate Gaps

AND, Consideration has been given to less restrictive remedial measures.

School Age Pedestrians Crossing Street/hour

Minutes

Gaps < Minutes

AND Children > 20/hr

YES

YES

YES

П ио

□ NO

 \square NO

WARRANT 6 - Coordinated Signal System

(All Parts Must Be Satisfied)

					1		
Minimum Require	 -			EAREST SIGNA		✓ YES	□ NO
≥ 300 m (1000) ft)	N >1000 ft, S	>1000 ft,	E >1000 ft,	W >1000 ft	V IL3	
the adjacent traffic co necessary degree of v	_	•	t that they o	do not provide	e the	☐ YES	□ NO
OR, On a two-way stre	e						
necessary degree of p	latooning an	d the proposed	and adjace	nt traffic con	trol	☐ YES	☐ NO
signals will collectively							
	•						
MADDANT 7 Crac	h Evnorion	a Warrant			SATISFIED	☐ YES	√ NO
WARRANT 7 - Cras	-	e warrant			SATISTILD		U NO
(All Parts Must Be S	satisjiea)						
Adequate trial of alter	natives with	satisfactory ob	servance ai	nd enforceme	nt		_
has failed to reduce th						YES	☐ NO
REQUIREMENTS		ashes reported w	ithin a 12 m	onth period su	sceptible		
	to correction	n by a traffic signa	al, and involv	ing injury or da	mage	YES	✓ NO
		e requirements for					
5 OR MORE		/2016-3/31/201					
REQUIREMENTS	(-, - ,		CONDITIONS	5			
	Warrant 1. (Condition A -					
	Minimum V						
ONE CONDITION		t 1, Condition B					□ NO
SATISFIED 80%		of Continuous				YES	
0,11101122 00,1	•	t 4, Pedestrian \		ndition			
	·	$r \ge 152$ for any h					
		ume \geq 80 for an					
			•				
WARRANT 8 - Road	-	ork			SATISFIED	YES	✓ NO
(All Parts Must Be S	Satisfied)						
MINIMUM VOLUME		ENTERING VOL	IIMFS - AII	APPROACHE	ς	,	FULFILLED
REQUIREMENTS		ENTERNING VOL	OIVILO / LL	. All I NO ACITE	5	√	TOLITELED
	During Typica	al Weekday Peak	Hour	1820	Veh/HR		
	and has a 5-y	ear projected tra	ffic volumes	that meet one	or more		
1000 Veh/HR	of Warrants 2	1, 2, and 3 during	an average v	weekday.			☐ YES ☐ NO
			OR OR) / a la / U.D.		
CUARA CTE	<u> </u>	of Any 5 Hrs. of a	Sat. or Sun.		Veh/HR		
		MAJOR ROUTES		Major Route A			
Hwy. System Serving as Pri				Y	N		
Rural or Suburban Highway	Outside Of, En	tering, or Traversin	ng a City	Y	N		
Appears as a Major Route o				Υ	N		□ vro □
Any	/ Major Rout	e Characteristic	s Met, Both	Streets			☐ YES ☐ NO

SATISFIED YES

✓ NO

California MUTCD 2012 Edition

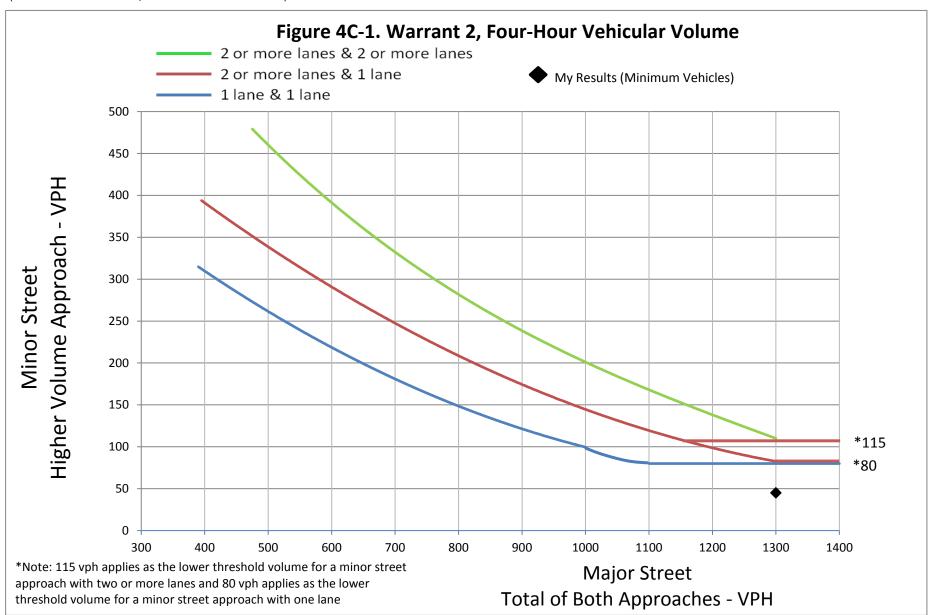
(FHWA's MUTCD 2009 Edition, as amended for use in California)

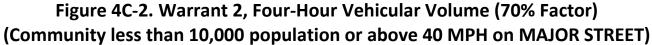
WARRANT 9 - Intersection Near a Grade Crossing

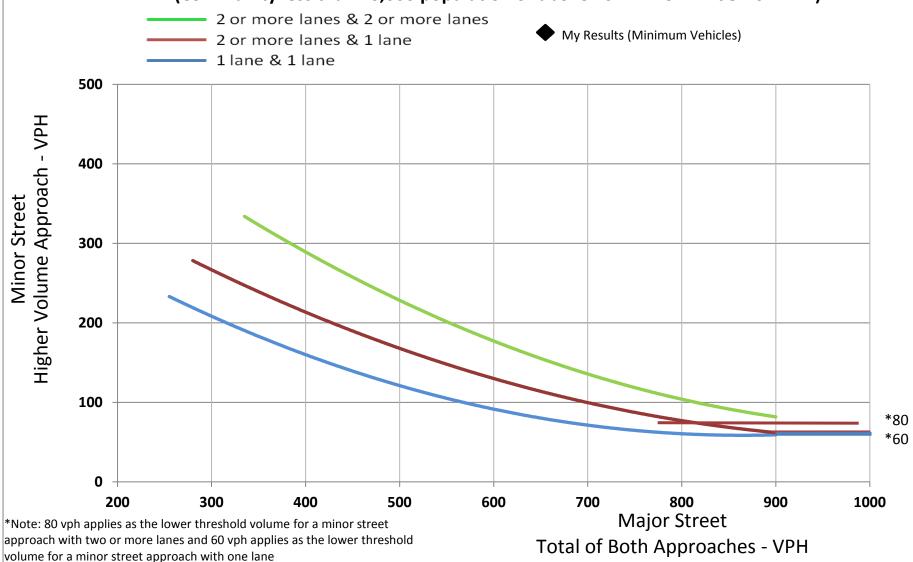
(BOTH Parts A AND B Must Be Satisfied)

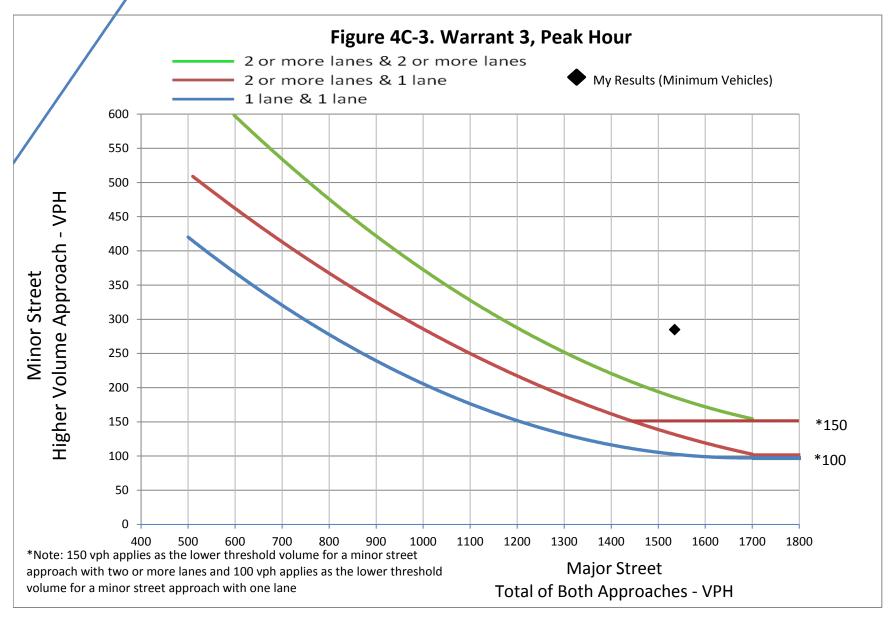
Part A		
A grade crossing exists on an approach controlled by a STOP or YIELD sign and the center of the track nearest to the intersection is within 140 ft of the stop line or yield line on the approach. Track Center Line to Limit Lineft	☐ YES	✓ NO
Part B		
THERE IS ONE MINOR STREET APPROACH LANE AT THE TRACK CROSSING - During the highest traffic volume hour during which rail traffic uses the crossing, the plotted point falls above the applicable curve in Figure 4C-9.		
Major Street - Total of both approaches:VPH		
Minor Steet - Crosses the track (one direction only, approaching the intersection):		
VPH X AF (Use tables 4C-2, 3, & 4 below to calculate AF) = VPH		
	■ ∐ YES	✓ NO
OR, there are two or more minor street approach lanes at the track crossing-		
During the highest traffic volume hour which rail traffic uses the crossing, the plotted point falls above the applicable curve in Figure 4C-10.		
Major Street - Total of both approaches:VPH Minor Steet - Crosses the track (one direction only, approaching the intersection): VPH X AF (Use tables 4C-2, 3, & 4 below to calculate AF) =VPH		
The minor street approach volume may be multiplied by up to three follow adjustment fac as described in Section 4C.10.	tors (AF)	
1 - Number of Rail Traffic per Day Adjustment fac	tor from table 4	IC-2
2 - Percentage of High-Occupancy Buses on Minor Street Approach	tor from table 4	IC-3
3 - Percentage of Tractor-Trailer Trucks on Minor Street Approach	tor from table 4	IC-3

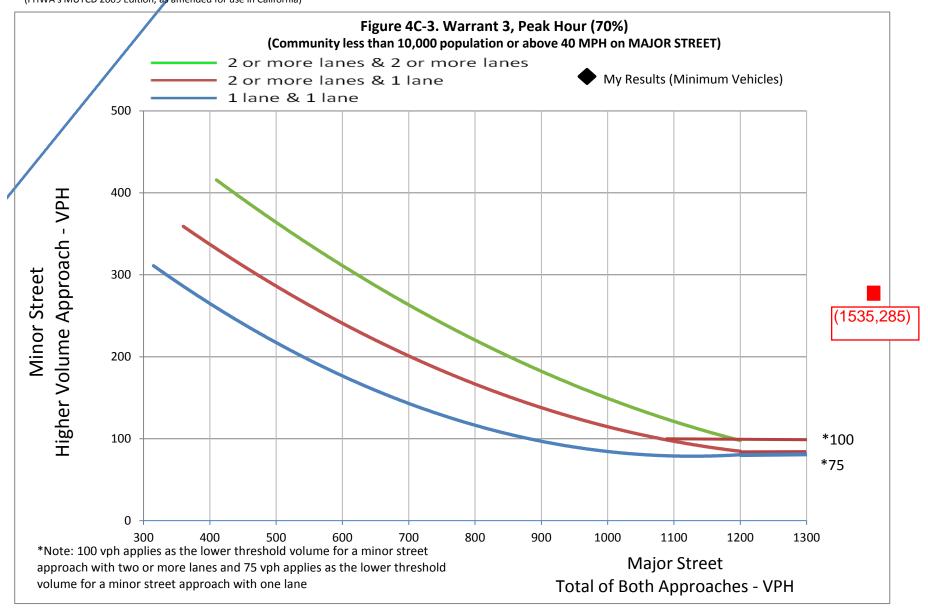
NOTE: If no data is available or known, then use AF = 1 (no adjustment)

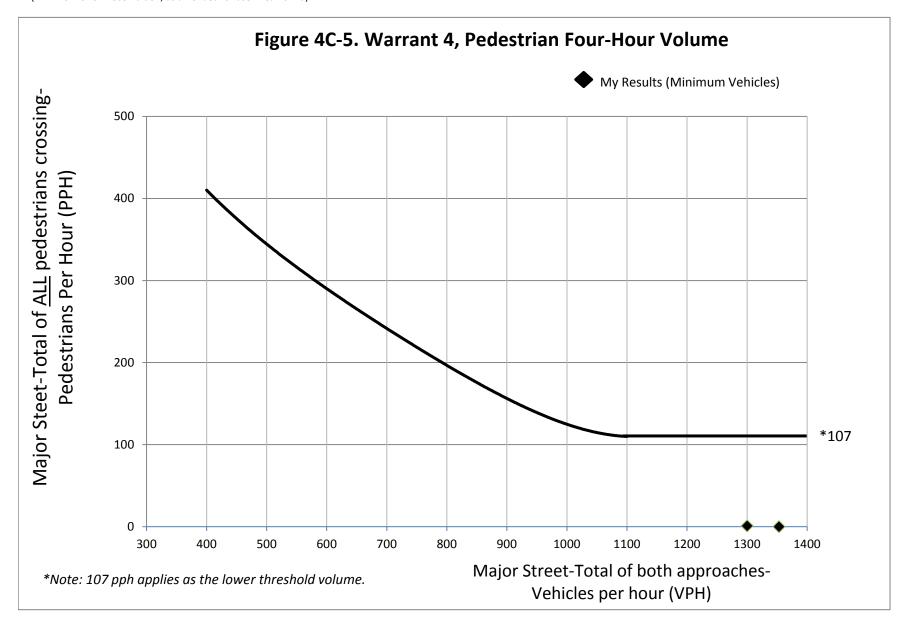


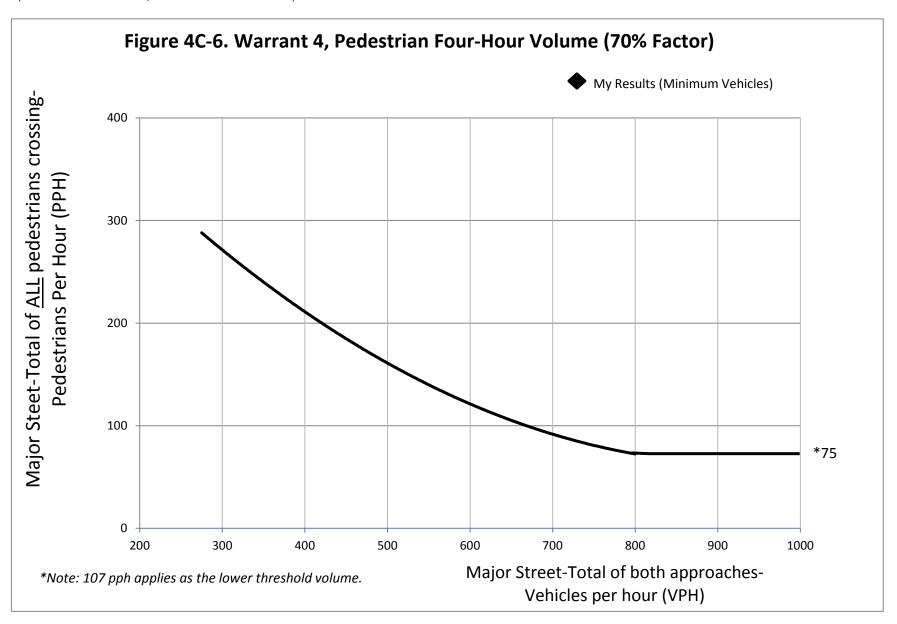


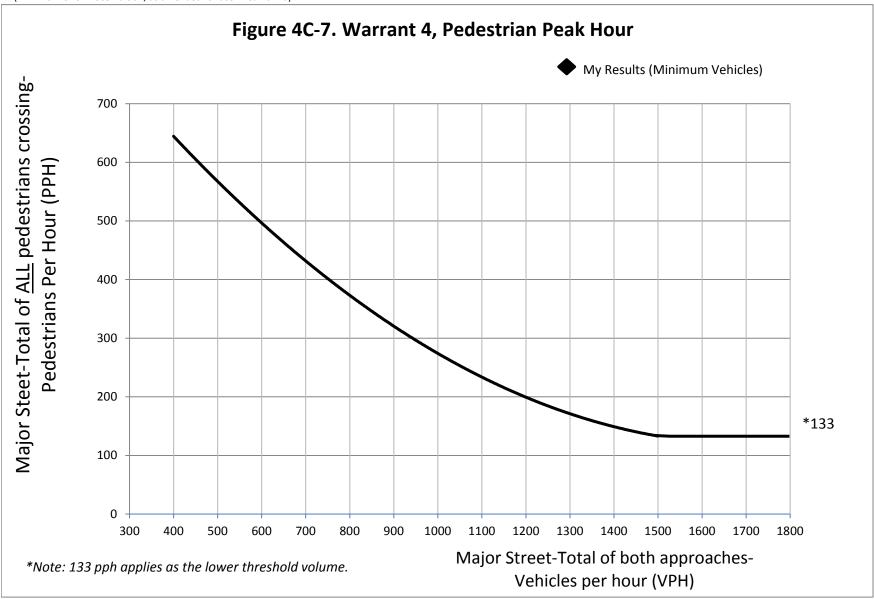












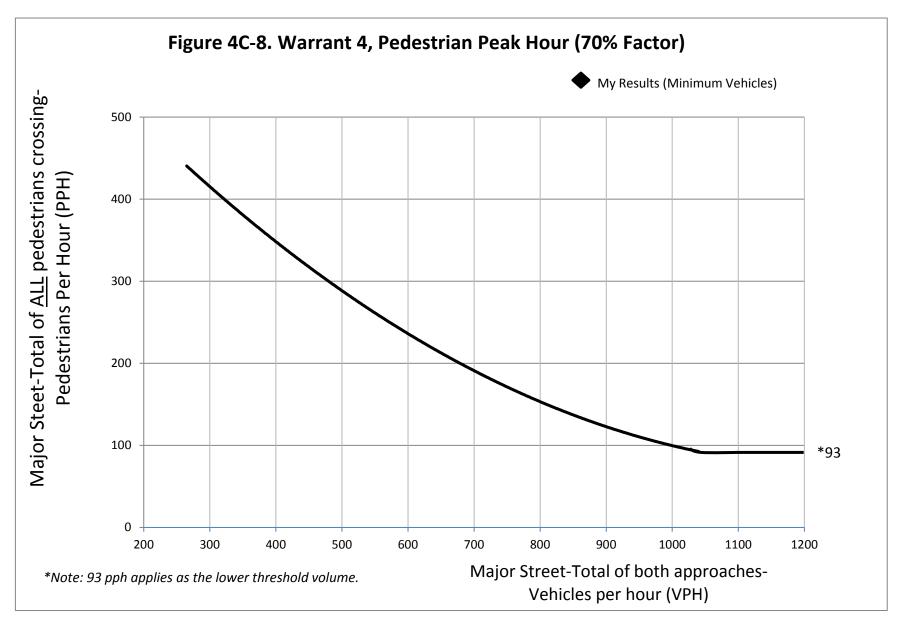
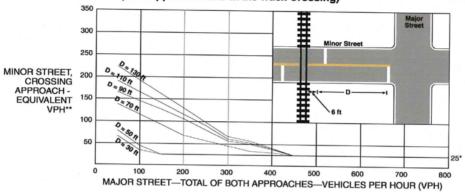
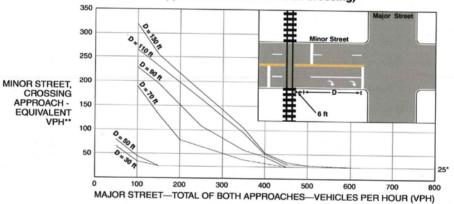


Figure 4C-9. Warrant 9, Intersection Near a Grade Crossing (One Approach Lane at the Track Crossing)



- * 25 vph applies as the lower threshold volume
- ** VPH after applying the adjustment factors in Tables 4C-2, 4C-3, and/or 4C-4, if appropriate

Figure 4C-10. Warrant 9, Intersection Near a Grade Crossing (Two or More Approach Lanes at the Track Crossing)



- * 25 vph applies as the lower threshold volume
- ** VPH after applying the adjustment factors in Tables 4C-2, 4C-3, and/or 4C-4, if appropriate

Table 4C-1. Warrant 1, Eight-Hour Vehicular Volume

Condition A—Minimum Vehicular Volume									
Number of lanes for Vehicles per hour on majmoving traffic on each approach (total of both approac				h mino	cles p igher- r-stree e direc	volum t appr	e oach		
Major Street	Minor Street	100%	80% ^b	70%°	56%	100%	80%b	70%°	56% ^d
1 2 or more 2 or more 1	1 1 2 or more 2 or more	500 600 600 500	400 480 480 400	350 420 420 350	280 336 336 280	150 150 200 200	120 120 160 160	105 105 140 140	84 84 112 112

Condition B—Interruption of Continuous Traffic									
Number of lanes for moving traffic on each approach		Vehicles per hour on major street (total of both approaches)				Vehicles per hour on higher-volume minor-street approach (one direction only)			
Major Street	Minor Street	100%	80% ^b	<u>70%</u> °	56% ^d	100%	80%b	70%°	56% ^d
1 2 or more 2 or more	1 1 2 or more 2 or more	750 900 900 750	600 720 720 600	525 630 630 525	420 504 504 420	75 75 100 100	60 60 80 80	53 53 70 70	42 42 56 56

(This space left intentionally blank)

a Basic minimum hourly volume.
b Used for combination of Conditions A and B after adequate trial of other remedial measures.
c May be used when the major-street speed exceeds 70 km/h 64 km/h or exceeds 40 mph or in an isolated community with a

population of less than 10,000.

May be used for combination of Conditions A and B after adequate trial of other remedial measures when the major-street speed exceeds 70 km/h 64 km/h or exceeds 40 mph or in an isolated community with a population of less than 10,000.

Table 4C-2. Warrant 9, Adjustment Factor for Daily Frequency of Rail Traffic

Rail Traffic per Day	Adjustment Factor
1	0.67
2	0.91
3 to 5	1.00
6 to 8	1.18
9 to 11	1.25
12 or more	1.33

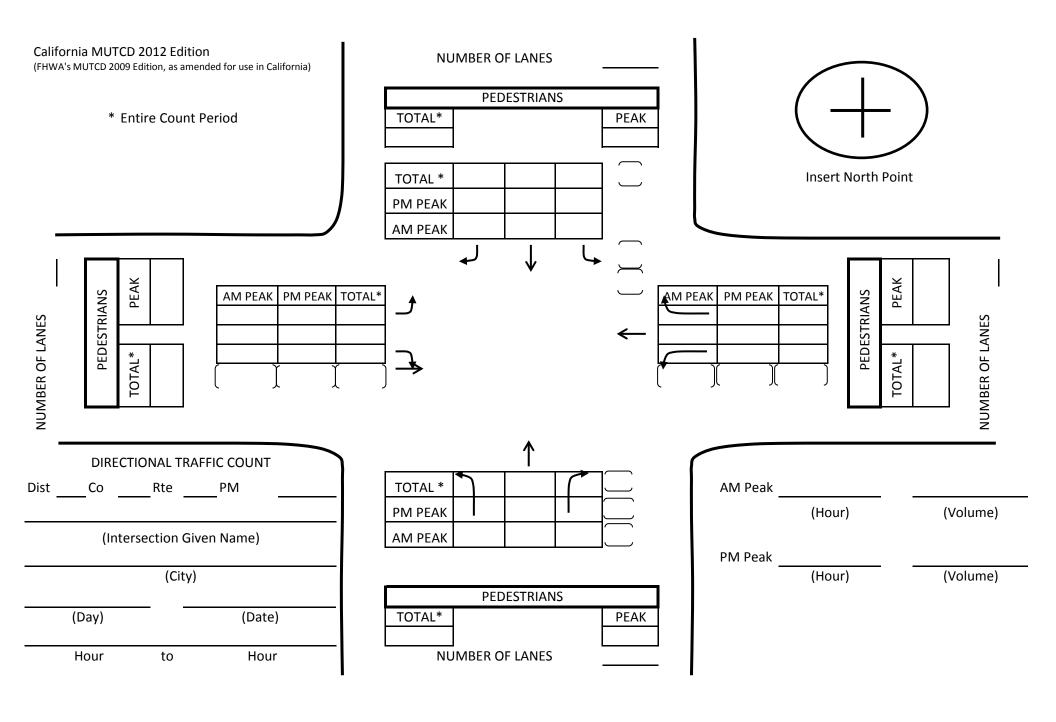
Table 4C-3. Warrant 9, Adjustment Factor for Percentage of High-Occupancy Buses

% of High-Occupancy Buses* on Minor-Street Approach	Adjustment Factor
0%	1.00
2%	1.09
4%	1.19
6% or more	1.32

^{*} A high-occupancy bus is defined as a bus occupied by at least 20 people.

Table 4C-4. Warrant 9, Adjustment Factor for Percentage of Tractor-Trailer Trucks

% of Tractor-Trailer Trucks	Adjustment Factor					
on Minor-Street Approach	D less than 70 feet	D of 70 feet or more				
0% to 2.5%	0.50	0.50				
2.6% to 7.5%	0.75	0.75				
7.6% to 12.5%	1.00	1.00				
12.6% to 17.5%	2.30	1.15				
17.6% to 22.5%	2.70	1.35				
22.6% to 27.5%	3.28	1.64				
More than 27.5%	4.18	2.09				



California MUTCD 2012 Edition

(FHWA's MUTCD 2009 Edition, as amended for use in California)

			CO	UNIDAIE	
				CALC	DATE
DIST	СО	RTE	PM	СНК	DATE
MAJOR ST.					MPH
MINOR ST.					MPH
Speed limit or	critical speed	on major stree	t traffic > 64km/ł	n (40 mph)	DUDAL (D)
In huilt un	area of isolate	ad community	of < 10,000 pop	ulation	RURAL (R)
iii buiit up	area or isolati	eu community	oi < 10,000 pop	uiati011	URBAN(U)

(Based on Estimated Average Daily Traffic - See Note)

URBANRURAL	Minimum Requirements EADT						
CONDITION A - Minimum Vehicular Volume Satisfied Not Satisfied	Vehicles Per Day on Major Street (Total of Both Approaches)	Vehicles Per Day on Higher-Volume Minor Street Approach (One Direction Only)					
Number of lanes for moving traffic on each approach Major Street Minor Street 1	Urban Rural 8,000 5,600 9,600 6,720 9,600 6,720 8,000 5,600	Urban Rural 2,400 1,680 2,400 1,680 3,200 2,240 3,200 2,240					
CONDITION B - Interruption of Continuous Traffic Satisfied Not Satisfied	Vehicles Per Day on Major Street (Total of Both Approaches)	Vehicles Per Day on Higher-Volume Minor Street Approach (One Direction Only)					
Number of lanes for moving traffic on each approach Major Street Minor Street 1	Urban Rural 12,000 8,400 14,400 10,080 14,400 10,080 12,000 8,400	Urban Rural 1,200 850 1,200 850 1,600 1,120 1,600 1,120					
Combination of CONDITIONS A + B Satisfied Not Satisfied No one condition satisfied, but following conditions fulfilled 80% or more A B	2 CONDITIONS 80%	2 CONDITIONS 80%					

Note: To be used only for NEW INTERSECTIONS or other locations where it is not reasonable to count actual traffic volumes.

The satisfaction of a traffic signal warrant or warrants shall not in itself require the installation of a traffic control signal.